1	Н. В. 2754
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3	(By Delegates Householder and Butler)
4	[Introduced February 16, 2015; referred to the
5	Committee on Health and Human Resources.]
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10	A BILL to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section,
11	designated §30-1-21, relating to uncompensated care.
12	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
13	That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new
14	section, designated §30-1-21, to read as follows:
15	ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL STATE BOARDS OF
16	EXAMINATION OR REGISTRATION REFERRED TO IN CHAPTER.
17	§30-1-21. Uncompensated Care Liability Act.
18	(a) Any physician licensed under the laws of this state, any hospital licensed pursuant to the
19	laws of this state, or any other health care provider who provides medical care to any patient without
20	receiving any direct remuneration or compensation in exchange for rendering that care is not liable
21	for civil damages for acts or omissions unless the acts or omissions were grossly negligent or were
22	willful and wanton.

1 (b) The exemption from liability provided under subsection (a) of this section only applies if, prior to rendering the services, the physician, surgeon, hospital or other health care provider discloses to the patient, or if a minor, to the minor's parent or legal guardian, in writing that the services are being provided without receiving any direct remuneration or compensation and that, in exchange for receiving uncompensated medical care, the patient consents to waiving any right to sue 5 for professional negligence expect for acts or omissions that are grossly negligent or are willful and wanton. 8 (c) An organization, including a church, which sponsors, promotes, or organizes a preventative health screening clinic or provides a health screen service to check such indicators as blood pressure or cholesterol levels or other preventative health signs without receiving any direct remuneration or compensation in exchange for the services received is not liable for civil damages 11 12 for acts or omissions unless the acts or omissions are grossly negligent or are willful and wanton. 13 (d) The exemption from liability under subsection (c) of this section only applies if the organization posts in a conspicuous place a notice that in accordance with this section the 15 organization is not liable for any civil damages for acts or omission except for those acts or omissions that are grossly negligent or are willful and wanton. 17 (e) As used in this section, "direct remuneration or compensation" means direct receipt by the physician, surgeon, hospital other health care provider, or organization or payment from the 18 patient, or payment or reimbursement from a heath insurance company, health maintenance 19 organization or nonprofit hospital and health services corporation on behalf of the patient, or payment or reimbursement under Medicare, or Medicaid, or under the state program for the 22 medically indigent on behalf of the patient. The term "direct remuneration or compensation" does

- 1 not include a grant or donation, unless the grant or donation is based on the volume of patients
- 2 receiving care or treatment.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to encourage the practice of uncompensated care for low-income patients by providing immunity from liability.

This section is new and has been completely underscored.